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DATE MAILED: 12/02/2003

APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
10/015,704	12/17/2001	Tatsuya Andoh	217050US0XCONT	8084
22850 75	90 12/02/2003	EXAMINER		
OBLON, SPIN 1940 DUKE ST	/AK, MCCLELLAND, REET	ALVO, MARC S		
ALEXANDRIA		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1731	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

		Application No.	Applicant(s)					
Office Action Summary		10/015,704	ANDOH ET AL.					
		Examiner	Art Unit					
		Steve Alvo	1731					
Period fo	The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address Period for Reply							
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH(S) FROM THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a). In no event, however, may a reply be timely filed after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a reply within the statutory minimum of thirty (30) days will be considered timely. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - Fallure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, cause the application to become ABANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133). - Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date of this communication, even if timely filed, may reduce any earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).								
Status	Responsive to communication(s) filed on							
·	This action is FINAL . 2b) This action is non-final.							
3)□	3) Since this application is in condition for allowance except for formal matters, prosecution as to the merits is closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex parte Quayle</i> , 1935 C.D. 11, 453 O.G. 213.							
Disposition of Claims								
4)								
Applicati	on Papers		•					
9) The specification is objected to by the Examiner. 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) accepted or b) objected to by the Examiner. Applicant may not request that any objection to the drawing(s) be held in abeyance. See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d). 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Examiner. Note the attached Office Action or form PTO-152.								
Priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 119 and 120								
12) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(a)-(d) or (f). a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of: 1. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received. 2. ☐ Certified copies of the priority documents have been received in Application No 3. ☐ Copies of the certified copies of the priority documents have been received in this National Stage application from the International Bureau (PCT Rule 17.2(a)). * See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the certified copies not received. 13) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119(e) (to a provisional application) since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78. a) ☐ The translation of the foreign language provisional application has been received. 14) ☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for domestic priority under 35 U.S.C. §§ 120 and/or 121 since a specific reference was included in the first sentence of the specification or in an Application Data Sheet. 37 CFR 1.78.								
2) Notice	(s) of References Cited (PTO-892) of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-944 ation Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449) Paper No		5) Notice of Informal Pa	PTO-413) Paper No(s) stent Application (PTO-152)				

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The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(b) the invention was patented or described in a printed publication in this or a foreign country or in public use or on sale in this country, more than one year prior to the date of application for patent in the United States.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 9-12, 14-21 and 23-34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(b) as anticipated by or, in the alternative, under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as obvious over Japanese Patent Application 1995-189153 (cited in specification, page 4, lines 6-16).

Japanese Patent Application 1995-189153 teaches a polysulphide cooking methods using 0.005-3.00% of a anthraquinone anthracene or hydroanthraquinone compounds, using 13-25% weight active alkali and 10-30% sulfidity with 13-25% of the active alkali being polysulfide. The Examples use "DDAN" as the anthraquinone compound which is 1, 4 dihydro 9,10 anthraquinone, which has an EA=0.154 V. Japanese Patent Application 1995-189153, teaches using 1-ethyl and 2-methyl anthraquinone compounds. If the exact anthraquinone claimed is not taught by Japanese Patent Application 1995-189153 then similar derivatives of anthraquinone, hydroanthraquinone and anthracene would have been obvious to the routineer as their alternativeness as digesting assistants is taught by Japanese Patent Application 1995-189153. The steps of producing the composition can not be given probative weight in a product claim, e.g. claim 34 weight can not be given to how the liquor is produced.

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Claims 13, 22 and 34 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Japanese Patent Application 1995-189153 as applied to claim 9 above, and further in view of WO 97/41295.

WO 97/41295 teaches producing polysulfide pulping liquor by subjecting alkaline liquor, e.g. white liquor, to electrolytic oxidation. It would have been obvious to the routineer to produce the polysulfide liquor of Japanese Patent Application 1995-189153 by the known method of electrolytic oxidizing alkaline liquor, e.g. white liquor, taught by WO 97/41295.

When filing an "Official" FAX in Group 1730, please indicate in the Header (upper right) "Official" for papers that are to be entered into the file. The "Official" FAX phone number for this TC 1700 is:

Non-Final Fax:

703-872-9306.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the **primary** examiner should be directed to Steve Alvo whose telephone number is (703) 308-2048. The Examiner can normally be reached on Monday - Friday from 6:00 AM - 2:30 PM (EST).

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Mr. Steve Griffin, can be reached on 703-308-1164.

Any inquiry of a general nature or relating to the status of this application or proceeding should be directed to the **Group receptionist** whose telephone number is **703-308-0661**.

MSA

October 24, 2003

PRIMARY EXAMINER
ART UNIT 1731